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TUESDAY, JUNE 18, 1953

THE JERUSALEM POST

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THE PALESTINE DISCOUNT BANK LTD

Marginal Column

By all the accepted views and prejudices of the world the Americans are a volatile — some would even say a hysterical — people. Yet at one of the moments in American history that is most highly charged with emotion — the imminent conclusion of a truce in Korea — there is no hysterical excitement here. At the moment when the shooting is about to stop in a war that has cost 25,000 American lives and an uncounted amount of American treasure, there is no waving of flags, but rather a mood of gravity and doubt about the future. Perhaps this is not so surprising. The Korean war is the first war, with the exception of that against the British in 1812, in which the United States has participated, which has ended in a negotiated and not a victorious settlement. There is nothing very new about this about. The Korean war has distorted the lives of a generation of young Americans. It has ruined Korea, and to add an especial note of sorrow, the South Koreans, on whose behalf the United States intervened, have up to now refused to accept the settlement which has been arrived at with so much pain. Finally, the negotiated settlement has destroyed "the illusion of American omnipotence," the feeling that, just as the United States had conquered her own frontier, she could similarly apply her power to the order and development of the outside world along lines of her own choosing.

CHINA is a subject on which only Americans of unusual sophistication and detachment can think rationally, and it is over China that the reputations of many public servants concerned with Far East policy have been ruined. The touchstone of this feeling at the moment is the question of Communist China's admission to the United Nations. Clearly there was no question of this until a Korean armistice was concluded, but now most Americans feel that to acquiesce to Communist China's admission would be to acknowledge that aggression pays. Many American officials believe that to admit China to the United Nations would be to diminish the chances of a rift between Peking and Moscow. They know that Britain, the Commonwealth countries, and most of the other United Nations members feel differently, but that does not diminish the strength of American feeling, particularly in the Republican Party. President Eisenhower has made it clear that he will actively oppose the admission of Communist China to the United Nations and the Senate has passed, with no dissenting vote, a resolution to the same effect.

IT is fitting that the President is fighting for time, for he has been careful to avoid any time-limit on China's exclusion. In a year's time, perhaps, when and if the Chinese have faithfully discharged their side of the Korean armistice agreement, when passions have cooled, it may be possible for the Americans to consider it. At the moment, British or other pressure to have Communist China in the United Nations might very easily have the effect of destroying altogether American popular support for the United Nations, a risk that seems hardly worth taking. If Russia makes a move to have China admitted and the United States finds itself isolated from Britain and her other dependable friends in the United Nations in resisting it, the effect might be very much the same. Consequently this is a difficult time for those responsible for framing American policy.

THE caution with which President Eisenhower has moved on this as on other questions, obscures the fact that he has won a small, but very important, victory. When, in his letter of June 17 to President Syngman Rhee of South Korea, he spoke of the decision to pursue the goal of Korean unification "by political and other methods," President Eisenhower was implicitly abandoning those in his own Party who have advocated the unification of Korea by force even at the risk of total war. He was affirming a policy inherited from Mr. Truman, which has been directly attacked by Senator Knowland, one of the three most important Republicans in the Senate, by General Van Fleet, the former American Commander in Korea, who is now something of a popular hero, and by the right-wing press.

Washington, June 18.

SHILOAH TO EUROPE
Mr. Reuben Shiloah, Adviser on Special Affairs in the Foreign Ministry, has left to visit Israel Legations in Europe.

Malan Arrives In Israel, Meets Ben Gurion

Prime Minister David Ben Gurion and Dr. Daniel Malan, Prime Minister of the Union of South Africa, had a long private conversation in Mr. Ben Gurion's home yesterday afternoon after Dr. Malan returned from his visit to the Holy Places in Bethlehem and the Old City. Dr. Malan arrived yesterday at Lydda Airport from Rome by T.W.A.

Mr. Ben Gurion thanked the visitor for his extended stay in Israel by the Union during the War of Independence. It is understood that the two Prime Ministers discussed economic problems. Dr. Malan, who is accompanied by Mr. Douglas Forsyth, Secretary for External Affairs, chatted briefly at tea with Dr. Dov Joseph, Minister of Development; Mr. M. Shapir, Minister of Welfare; Mr. J. Burg, Minister of Post; Mr. J. Saphir, Minister of Communications; and Mr. J. Sorek, Minister of Health. Chief Rabbi Haring renewed an acquaintance begun in Pretoria. Other guests were Mr. T. Kollek, Director-General of the Prime Minister's Office, and Mr. A. Lourie, of the Foreign Ministry.

Dr. Malan was extremely tired when he arrived at Lydda Airport by T.W.A. The 79-year-old South African Premier said he was too fatigued by his trip and his visit last week in Holland where he inspected flood damage to talk to waiting newsmen. He was therefore shown immediately into a closed room in the Airport restaurant for a brief rest and refreshments before continuing his journey to Jerusalem.

Mrs. Malan in Rome
Mrs. Malan, although expected with her husband, remained in Rome as she, too, had been tired by their busy schedule of visits in Europe which started with the Coronation.

Dr. Malan and his party were met at the Airport by Mr. M. Chel Comay, Acting Director-General of the Foreign Ministry, himself of South African origin; Mr. R. Moore, Charge d'Affaires at the British Embassy; Mr. G. Shere, of the Foreign Ministry; and Mr. S. Dunskey, Chairman of the South African Zionist Federation's Israel office. Mr. Comay welcomed the visitor to the Holy Land on behalf of the Government.

Middle East matters were discussed at the recent London Conference of British Commonwealth Prime Ministers. Mr. Forsyth said in reply to a question, were taken in these talks. He added, South Africa was committed to the defense of the Middle East, and he pointed out that it was therefore vitally interested in all matters relating to the region.

Two Israeli police officers on motor cycles and eight policemen in civilian cars escorted the visitor's party from Lydda to Jerusalem and conducted them from Mandelbaum Gate to Mr. Ben Gurion's home. All the Jewish members of the Knesset, the Garden of Gethsemane, and the Church of the Nativity in Bethlehem.

The South African guests left for Haifa last night, and will tour Galilee today.

(Picture — Page 4)

Sharett Opens Debate On Foreign Affairs

By Sraja Shapiro, POST Knesset Correspondent

Opening a general debate on foreign relations, Mr. Moshe Sharett, Minister for Foreign Affairs, told the Knesset yesterday that "on the international front we are faced with demands, some explicit and some implied, with which we neither can nor intend to comply." He did not specify what those demands were, and spoke in rather general terms, reserving his main speech for the close of the six-hour debate, which is expected to end today.

But an indication of the policy implied by Mr. Sharett was provided by Mr. Meir Argov, Chairman of the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee, who said:

- Every effort will be made to ensure peace with our Arab neighbors, but no effort will be spared to defend the frontiers;
- No Arab refugees will be permitted to return to Israel, for that would undermine the security of the State;
- Jerusalem is to the Jews what London is to the British, and Washington to the Americans — the undisputed Capital;
- Functional, not territorial, international supervision of the Holy Places is acceptable to Israel.

Mr. Sharett preferred to dwell mainly on the moral bases of Israel's foreign policy. This was shaped by three considerations, he said: strong international ties, an unrelenting spirit of building and development, and the vital attachment of Jews throughout the Diaspora to the State of Israel.

Blockade Is Stimulant
The blockade, which he immediately neighbors had imposed on Israel was a stimulant, the Foreign Minister said, for the State had to make a great effort to develop its relations with far-off countries as a result. Moreover, "our struggle with the Arab countries has its fronts all over the world: we must be on our guard constantly, and must be plain that our stand is a just one and could not be different."

The State of Israel, Mr. Sharett continued, was the "product of Jewish history." It was, moreover, the creation of the civilized world and its ties with world culture should not be severed. "We are not just a new State in the Middle East — although we are proud to be here and to be included in the general framework of this area. We are not going to forsake the world outlook which we acquired during our long history of dispersion. The world outlook, Mr. Sharett claimed, was even more ancient than Israel's wanderings: it sprang from the very essence of Jewish culture, which has always stressed the general and the universal in its moral ideals.

Ancient Ideals
For this reason, the world respected the State of Israel in accordance with these ancient ideals. This imposed responsibilities and created problems, but it opened the way to friendships, too. One aim of Israel's foreign policy was to create ties with the peoples of Asia in general, although not at the expense of severing our ties with the West. "For the moment, we find a wall of misunderstanding and suspicion, even of hatred, but historical and psychological walls will not easily be breached." But for this reason, the world respected the State of Israel in accordance with these ancient ideals.

Supreme Court Denies Rosenberg Appeal

WASHINGTON, Monday. — The U.S. Supreme Court today refused to stay the execution of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, condemned atom spies.

Voting against the stay of execution were Chief Justice Vinson and Justices Black, Clark, Minton and Reed.

Favoring the application were Justices Frankfurter, Frankfurter and Jackson.

Only an order by President Eisenhower could save the couple from the electric chair in New York's Sing Sing prison on Thursday, their wedding anniversary.

The Rosenbergs' lawyer, Mr. Emanuel Bloch, had asked for a stay of execution pending a writ for a retrial. He argued that new evidence had been found and said that his clients were victims of false evidence at the trial.

Mr. Eisenhower turned down the couple's appeal to him last night. Mr. Bloch said they had had a fair trial.

When today's refusal was announced, Mr. John Finerty, one of the Rosenbergs' lawyers, said that he wished to petition for a writ of Habeas Corpus in the case. Chief Justice Fred Vinson said that his petition would be promptly considered.

In Washington, today, an unpopulated throng of pickets surrounded the White House, urging a reprieve, as telegraphed appeals for clemency continued to arrive from religious and intellectual leaders all over the world.

(Reuter, UP)

Korea War at Savage Pitch As Armistice Imminent

'Real Progress' at Truce Talks

PANMUNJOM, Monday. — A bustle of activity at the Korean truce talks here today indicated that a full resumption of the senior delegates' meetings leading to the signing of an armistice is near.

Since last Wednesday, staff officers of both sides have been busy plotting details of the armistice line. Today, delegates were seen carrying into the main tent large bundles of maps preparatory to a general survey.

It is thought that the maps would show the military demarcation line, the Northern and Southern boundaries of the four-kilometre deep, demilitarized zone, and the ten ports of entry into North and South Korea through which men and equipment will be allowed to pass "on a peaceful truce basis," Peking Radio said today.

Both Communist and U.N. circles were optimistic today as to progress made, despite attempts by South Korean representatives at the talks to delay a signing while President Syngman Rhee prepares "a new plan."

A 20-minute liaison officers' meeting was held today. Details were being worked out.

Adenauer Wants Proof Of New Soviet Policy
When Russia accepts free elections throughout Germany and the formation of a free Government in a united Germany, there will be reason to believe in a fundamental change in Soviet policy, Chancellor Adenauer declared here at a Congress of the Christian Social Union of Bavaria.

As proof of goodwill, the Chancellor demanded the liberation of German war prisoners, the release of political prisoners, and the liquidation of concentration camps.

In the first official comment on current liberalization measures in East Germany, the Chancellor said that they were aimed at preventing West Germany's integration in the Western bloc and at influencing the coming Bundestag elections.

Dulles Warns Attack May Delay Armistice
WASHINGTON, Monday. — Secretary of State Dulles warned newsmen today against over-optimism regarding a Korean armistice. "There is no armistice until the actual signing," he said.

The current Communist offensive might delay the signature, he said, if only because it was more difficult for the negotiators to draw demarcation lines while the front was changing.

He said the offensive might be for prestige reasons or because the Communists did not want an armistice.

In reply to questions from correspondents at his first press conference since May 9, Mr. Dulles included the following points:

The U.S. might be prepared to discuss general Far East problems, including Indo-China, at a conference to be held after the signing of the Korean armistice.

But the U.S. would not discuss any other matters, such as the economic and political unity of Germany.

EGYPT ISSUES ARMS TO FIGHT BRITISH
CAIRO, Monday. — Lt. Colonel Gamal Abdel Nasser told a Liberation Rally last night that the Government was distributing arms throughout Egypt "in preparation for the battle to throw British troops out of the Suez Canal Zone."

Nasser, who is Aide to Premier Nagib, said "We are training the youth and distributing arms nationwide. We are enlarging the Army to include the entire population of 22 million. We have plenty of arms but will choose our own time which will ensure victory."

It was announced in London today that Mr. Mohammed Ali Pasha, Prime Minister, will reach Cairo on Sunday for talks with General Nagib, on the Anglo-Egyptian dispute.

(Reuter, UP)

Chinese Roll Back United Nations Line

TOKYO, Monday (UP). — Masses of Chinese troops have rolled back the U.N. line a distance of two miles on the east central front in the big Communist offensive since their great Spring drive in 1951. The Korean War, in its drying days, was hitting a new peak of fury on the land and in the air.

At least two Chinese divisions, totalling 15,000 men, pressed a growing offensive against a 30-mile front defended by Republic of Korea troops. Several of the South Korean units were cut off and were fighting it out.

Casualties on both sides undoubtedly were high, perhaps the highest since the 1951 offensive.

The Communists, with the drawing of a cease fire line the only item still holding up completion of an armistice agreement, appeared to be making a supreme effort to bend back the U.N. line to the 38th parallel where the war started three years ago.

2,000 Tons of Bombs
More than 500 U.N. planes blasted the critical sector during the day with over two million pounds of bombs. U.S. Navy planes roared up to the Manchurian border to blast an airfield at Hyeonjin and four other air bases deep in northeast Korea. The battleship, "New Jersey," slammed 16-inch shells into Communist positions on the eastern coast. Twenty American Superforts dropped up from Okinawa bases in clear weather to join the all-out air assault. Reports of them swept over Communist battlelines in positions for three hours and the other 10 blasted a Communist supply bottleneck. Communist planes made two passes at Seoul tonight and on the second dropped several bombs near the Han River bridges.

Reports of the fighting were fragmentary. The Eighth Army tightened its censorship, but reports on three heavy actions ended with a cryptic: "Friendly forces disengaged."

Cambodia to Ask U.N. For Independence

BANGKOK, Monday (Reuter). — Cambodia, whose young King fled himself in Thailand yesterday, is to seek independence through the United Nations.

A Cambodian communiqué, issued by the Legation here today, said the Siamese Government would be approached to submit the question to the U.N. "because the problem of national independence for Cambodia is a problem common to all peoples of Southeast Asia."

King Norodom Sihanouk, who has come here to press his case against French dominion of his country — one of the three Associated States of Indo-China — repeatedly has asked that Cambodia be given the same standing in the French Union as India and Pakistan have in the British Commonwealth.

The communiqué said that King Norodom was not a political refugee. He had expatriated himself with the sacred

Russia Ends Berlin Traffic Control

BERLIN, Monday (UP). — The Soviets virtually have dropped vehicle and passenger controls on the Berlin highways to the West and completely halted the confiscation of Western automobiles. West Berlin authorities reported today.

City traffic officials said that the Soviets said to effect an "unprecedented courteous" on the three highways linking Berlin with the West almost immediately after the Communist East German regime announced its sweeping "soft policy" changes last week.

The previous thorough vehicle and passenger checks and vehicle confiscations have disappeared overnight, the officials stated.

"Formerly grim Russian and East German guards are putting on smiles and waving vehicles through checkpoints and across the border with unprecedented speed," they reported.

However, Germans still need international passports and Allied personnel require official travel documents under Four Power regulations.

Informed sources said that the West Berlin Mayor, Ernst Reuter, would "take the bull by the horns" when he returns to the city this weekend and challenge the East German Communists to agree to city-wide elections to unify Berlin.

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Eshkol, Joseph Development Talks

Finance Minister Levi Eshkol and Dr. Dov Joseph, newly appointed Minister of Development, met yesterday in Jerusalem to discuss the transfer of development affairs from the Finance Ministry.

Mr. Pinhas Saphir, Director of the Development Department in the Finance Ministry, who is to leave that post for that of Director-General of the Finance Ministry, attended the meeting.

Mr. Eshkol's resignation as Director-General of the Finance Ministry took effect yesterday and he is returning to Kibbutz Neot Mordecai in Upper Galilee.



Cambodia is the large state in the southwestern part of the Indo-Chinese peninsula, facing the Gulf of Thailand.

Marie Seeks Broad French Government

PARIS, Monday. — Radical Socialist Andre Marie called a meeting of all non-Communist party leaders today in an attempt to form a Cabinet.

If confirmed as Premier, it is learned, M. Marie intends to bring the Indo-China situation before the Allies at the forthcoming Big-Three meeting in Bern.

If the National Assembly confirms him as Prime Minister, M. Marie said today, he will ask the Assembly to make the ceiling of loans from the Bank of France 400,000 m. francs, double the present ceiling.

An assertion of State Duples said in Washington today that the Bern Big-Three conference might be further postponed this month because of the French Government crisis.

His Majesty had chosen Bangkok as "the first capital to draw world attention to the Cambodian people's pacific aspirations and their firm determination to secure real independence," because the Thais were a free people who had never been under foreign rule.

British Submarine Crosses Atlantic Submerged During Entire Trip

PORTSMOUTH (England) Monday. — A British submarine reached the English coast today after crossing the Atlantic underwater. An Admiralty spokesman said it was the first time that such a feat had been accomplished, though he admitted that some German U-boats might have done the same during World War II.

During World War II, an American submarine made a 5,000 mile submerged run from Hong Kong to Pearl Harbor in 28 days.

The submarine, the H.M.S. Andrew, left Bermuda and remained submerged all the way during the 2,500-mile journey.

The ship carried a crew of 40, was equipped with special "Seawater" breathing apparatus, "Seawater" is a German World War II invention which enables submarines to remain submerged indefinitely. The Admiralty stated that the time for crossing was "technical information," though indicated that it took more than a fortnight.

The "Andrew" is one of Britain's late "A-type" submarines built in 1942. Designed for long voyages, it is 275 feet long with a 1,650-ton displacement when submerged.

The spokesman said that "the submarine carried normal supplies of food. The crew were not given special rations to keep them going."

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Spanish Red Cross Letter Regarding Final Boys

GENEVA, Monday (UP). — The International Committee of the Red Cross today refused to release the contents of a letter from the Duke of Hernani, President of the Spanish Red Cross, regarding the whereabouts and state of health of the two Finaly boys.

An official spokesman for the ICRC said that this action was taken a few days ago by the ICRC in view of "certain indiscretions" in the press regarding ICRC interests in the Finaly case.

An earlier report from Madrid quoted the Duke as "having no knowledge" of the whereabouts or state of health of Gerald and Robert Finaly, following the receipt of a letter sent to him by the ICRC on May 26.

Other reports allege that the two Jewish-born, Catholic-baptized Finaly brothers, whose disappearance into Spain early this year caused such a furor in France, have since been smuggled out of Spain and are hidden in a French position somewhere in North Africa.

Diplomats Informed On Border Incidents

TEL AVIV, Monday. — The French Ambassador in Israel, M. Pierre E. Gilbert, the Turkish Minister, Mr. Sefik Isenay, and the British Charge d'Affaires, Mr. Anthony Moore, called at the Foreign Ministry at Hakiriya today, to receive information on talks in Washington and London between the Israeli Ambassadors there and the State Department and the Foreign Ministry, on recent on the Israel-Jordan incidents border.

Today's calls followed the visit to Hakiriya yesterday of Mr. Francis Russell, the U.S. Charge d'Affaires, and Mr. Milton Fried, U.S. Embassy Attaché.

YUGOSLAV DELEGATION IN JERUSALEM

The delegation representing the Socialist League of Yugoslavia, now on a ten-day tour of Israel as guests of Mapai, was welcomed in Jerusalem yesterday by Mr. M. Baran, Secretary of the Jewish Workers' Council and by Mr. D. Lipson, Secretary of the local branch of Mapai.

The Foreign Minister, Mr. M. Sharett, the Minister without Portfolio, Mr. P. Lavie, the Secretary of the Histadrut, Mr. M. Namir, and senior Government officials entertained the guests to dinner at the Eden Hotel.

3,500 Arab Workers in Histadrut

JERUSALEM POST Staff

NAZARETH, Monday. — A week after the 33 special registration offices for Arab workers now joining the Histadrut were opened throughout the country, over 3,500 Arab workers, including 650 from Nazareth alone, had registered. Mr. Reuven Barkat, of the Histadrut Executive and head of its Arab Department, told a national gathering of some 400 Arab workers at the Empire Cinema here this afternoon.

The decision calls for the admission of all Arab workers into the Trade Union Department, Social and Sick Funds, and other Histadrut institutions, on an equal footing with Jewish members. Members of the (Communist) Arab Trade Union Congress who have renounced their membership are also to be admitted.

Mr. Barkat said that the life of Arab workers in Israel had taken a revolutionary turn with this historic decision, which the Histadrut intended to implement fully. It would use all its means and influence to achieve complete equality for Arab workers and to fight for

PAKISTAN MOVES TO END INDIAN DISPUTES

KARACHI, Monday (AP). — The Pakistan Government today appointed a steering committee consisting of Foreign Secretary J. A. Rahim and two senior officials to supervise settlement of all outstanding disputes with India.

India appointed a similar committee four weeks ago.

C-6-L ALLOWANCE TO RISE BY IL.7.200

TEL AVIV, Monday. — Cost of living allowances will increase by IL.7200 a month as from tomorrow and will total IL.22800 following an agreement signed here today between representatives of the Histadrut and the Manufacturers' Association.

The latest C-6-L Index, published by the Central Bureau of Statistics this week, stands at 131, representing a nine-point rise in the three months since February 1953. The agreement is valid for three months.

Mr. T. Meisel signed on behalf of the Histadrut and Messrs. S. Klughauf and Y. Hausman for the Manufacturers' Association. Negotiations prior to the signing were short, as agreement was reached quickly.

AFTER MIDNIGHT
The U.S. Supreme Court yesterday refused to stay the execution of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, condemned atom spies.

Marie Seeks Broad French Government

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Today's Post Bag

THE WEATHER

	A	B	C	D
Mr. Canaan	45	12	26	30
Tiberias	45	12	26	30
Haifa Port	45	12	26	30
Natanya	45	12	26	30
Haifa	45	12	26	30
Aviv Port	45	12	26	30
Lydda Airport	45	12	26	30
Jerusalem	45	12	26	30
Bethlehem	45	12	26	30
Elitz	45	12	26	30

FORECAST: Developing sharav.
A) Humidity at 3 p.m. B) Min. temp. C) Max. temp. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

A GROUP of women calling themselves a "Committee for Cleanliness" picked up a large amount of refuse along the main road in the vicinity of the new market, and dumped it in the nearby stream.

A TOTAL of 10 charges of forging employment cards was yesterday filed against Ader Haggard, 35, by the Attorney General in the District Court. Haggard allegedly forged the cards for which he received payment while employed with the Army Engineers during the first quarter of 1953.

THE FIRST tree of the Abraham Shirey Memorial Forest at Annapolis in the hills of Jerusalem was planted yesterday at a ceremony arranged by the Jewish National Fund, Mr. Shirey, a member of the J.N.F. in Australia. A number of tourists and settlers from Australia were present at the ceremony.

A MOTORCYCLIST and a pillion passenger were badly hurt when their cycle collided with a car on the Tel Aviv road. The accident occurred on Sunday night. The injured persons are being treated in the hospital.

ABRAHAM BLOCH of Beit Dagan and Danny Davidov, were taken to Asaf Harofa Hospital in Be'er Sheva. Arka Bekler, of Tel Aviv, was released in bond. ON THE SAME night Abraham Bloch, of Be'er Sheva, was taken to Hadassah Hospital with serious injuries sustained when his motorcycle collided with a car near the Ha'arava Factory in Tel Aviv. Police say that the motorcycle's brakes were faulty.

PERSONS INTERESTED in attending the sessions of the International Congress on the History of Science, to be held in Jerusalem from August 4 to 11, should contact Prof. S. Bodenheimer at the Hebrew University. The final date for registration and payment of the IL 10 membership fee is June 30.

THE TEL AVIV Town Mayor's office is to sell tickets for the Migdal and Tamar cinemas at reduced prices to soldiers.

Jerusalem Unswept As City Strike Continues

The capital's streets were again witness to its idle soldiers, as the strike of 1,000 city employees entered its third day. Dustbins overflowed and streets in the center of town presented a sorry picture of uncollected garbage and drifts of waste paper. Mr. M. Friedman, Chairman of the Municipality, told The POST that meetings between the Municipal Workers' Committee and the local Labour Council had ended in deadlock. The employees are determined to strike until their only hope of obtaining the IL 120,000 needed depends on a collection of rates for which notices have not yet been sent out. For the past three months, says the Workers' Committee, wages were paid three weeks in arrears. They indignantly refused charges made by right-wing coalition councillors that the strike was political and not economic in purpose.

Decrease in Typhoid—No Mass Inoculations

The Ministry of Health epidemiological Department has decided not to repeat last year's mass inoculation against typhoid, although school-children will be inoculated as usual. Typhoid incidence has decreased sharply since last year, when the high rate gave cause for alarm. In March and April 1952, there were 159 cases, compared with only 26 cases during the same months this year. Incidence generally reaches a peak in late summer and dwindles during the winter. Although the 1952 attempt at mass-inoculation did not reach more than 30% of the total population, 60% of school-children who are more susceptible to typhoid than adults were inoculated, and the Ministry will continue this service.

A thorough follow-up of cases has been instituted by district health officers, which will be more effective, the Epidemiological Department feels, than unsystematic and voluntary inoculation.

Second T.A. Doctors' Strike Possible

TEL AVIV, Monday. — Municipal doctors are to debate the possibility of a second strike against the Municipality which has refused to pay them salary increases retroactive to April 1, 1951, but has agreed to pay from January, 1952. A meeting today between Mayor Haim Levonon and the doctors was inconclusive. The 150 doctors held a one-day warning strike last month.

Personal Notices

Mr. & Mrs. E. Alvarez Vega (nee Wylor) are happy to announce the birth of a DAUGHTER, ALIZA on Sunday, June 14, 1953, 21 Salomon Sasson, Jerusalem.

ISRAEL NEHMAD ANNA MITCHNIK of Tel Aviv of Tel Aviv

MARRIED Tel Aviv, Sunday, June 14, 1953.

One Suspected Terrorist Allowed Bail, Five Others Refused

JERUSALEM POST REPORTER TEL AVIV, Monday (UTIM). — The Chief Army Prosecutor, Sgan-Aluf Moshe David, today consented to the release on bail of Petahya Zalivanski, but he refused to release five others named by the Government last week as members of a terrorist organization. One of those held is a 17-year-old youth.

The release of Zalivanski followed the statement of Inspector Levi Rachum, representing the Police, that he had informed Mr. A. Osmann and Mr. Y. Zalivanski, the detainee's attorney, that if no further incriminating evidence against him was found by Wednesday he would be released on IL300 bail. Mr. Zalivanski is the accused brother.

Pleading for the release of his client Yehzekiel Mizrahi, his lawyer, Mr. Ben Zion Cohen, said that Mizrahi had worked in the Arava unit; three weeks ago, that his education was poor and that he could not have been important in an underground movement. His client was an invalid of World War II and suffered from a heart ailment. Moreover, he stated, Mizrahi had been on a hunger strike for the last six days. Sgan-Aluf David recommended that the detainee receive proper medical treatment.

Mr. M. Krimman, representing Yehzekiel Mizrahi, claimed that the 17-year-old youth and secondary school pupil had already given a

High Fish Prices Laid to Fishmongers

JERUSALEM POST REPORTER The high price of fish is artificially maintained by fish-dealers, representatives of the Israel Fishermen's Association have charged. The catch lately has been abundant, they said, but most fishmongers open their shops only on Wednesdays and Thursdays and thus create an artificial scarcity.

The fishermen also complain that the Government is putting imported fish on the market now in spite of the bountiful local supply, whereas when there was a lack of home-caught fish, none were imported to fill the gap.

Representatives of the Association further informed the press that special efforts were being made during this season to increase the supply by sailing far out to sea, even though this sometimes led to clashes with foreign fishermen. Last week a number of Israeli fishing boats were fired on in the northern Mediterranean, and were forced to return empty-handed. Nevertheless other Israeli boats immediately set out for the same spot, and had a most successful catch.

BAT YAM MURDER TRIAL OPENS

TEL AVIV, Monday (ITIM). — The trial of three men charged with the "premeditated murder in cold blood" of Haim Shmeri in Bat Yam last October began in the District Court here today. The three suspects are Elihu Goldberg, nicknamed "Gingee," a 20-year-old labourer of Kfar Ono; Yehuda Fein, 22, alias "Litvak," and Abraham Rosenbaum-Abrahamovich, 23, also known as "Archik," both of Tel Aviv.

CUSTODIAN'S OFFICIAL CHARGED WITH THEFT HAIFA, Monday. — A dozen charges of theft and abuse of confidence against Abraham Susana, director of the Acre office of the Custodian of Absentees' Property, were yesterday filed by the Attorney General in the Magistrate's Court here. The accused allegedly embezzled various sums of money while making contracts with individuals and institutions during 1951-52.

MAN DROWNED IN YARKON RIVER

RAMAT GAN, Monday. — A father of six children drowned in the Yarkon River near the Ramat Gan stadium today. The man, Rahamim Katsav, 34, of moshava Petah Tikva, was crossing the river on a raft with seven others, all of whom were returning home from work. The raft capsized in about two metres of water near the river bank, and all except Katsav were saved.

SHOT BY UNKNOWN HAIFA, Monday. — While sleeping in his yard in Tamra village (near Shfar Am) Mohammed Yusef Yassin, 40, was shot twice in the stomach by an unknown gunman at 4 o'clock this morning. His attacker, who used a revolver, escaped, and the wounded man was taken to the Rambam Hospital here. Police are investigating.

New Food Import Budget to be Higher

JERUSALEM POST REPORTER The draft budget for food imports during 1953/54, submitted by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry to the Committee of Economic Ministers, is somewhat higher than the foreign currency allocation for food in 1952/53, Dr. S. Lipschitz, the Director-General of the Ministry, disclosed in Jerusalem yesterday.

For 1952/53 the food import budget was \$72m, including \$10m for animal fodder. In the first 11 months of the import year (July 1952-May 1953) food and fodder imports actually totalled about \$62.8, including the following:

Wheat, flour and rice \$25 m.
Animal fodder 12.5m.
Rice 1.5m.
Soyabean 1.5m.
Fish 1.5m.
Meat 1.5m.
Food industry raw materials 1.5m.
Tea and coffee 1.5m.

Approximately 55% of the food items listed above was imported by Government purchasing agencies, 29% by private importers, 15% by cooperatives, and 0.5% by public institutions. Asked about the renewed difficulties in obtaining cement for building, Dr. Lipschitz explained that the shortage in the local market was due mainly to the fact that export of the product had already begun. Producing capacity is now some 40,000 tons a month, which is about equal to the local demand. With the completion of the Ramle and Shimonah cement works, capacity will be doubled, and only about half of the output will be required locally.

The two new plants are expected to start production within three to six months, but in order to become familiar with foreign markets and prepare them for the reception of Israel cement, it was decided to export 10,000 tons a month from the present limited supply. The price of cement in the foreign market, if calculated at the rate of IL1,800 to \$1, is fairly good, Dr. Lipschitz said.

More Irrigation A programme of agricultural development designed to make Israel virtually self-sufficient in foodstuffs was unfolded yesterday in the plenary session of the Government's Economic Advisory Council. Mr. Peretz Nappah, Minister of Agriculture, presided.

The programme is based on the expansion of the area of land under irrigation, the full exploitation of which will provide for the cultivation of 14 million dunams by 1959-60 which will, inter alia:

1. Supply the demand for vegetables and potatoes.
2. Ensure the cultivation of groundnuts for the manufacture of oil.
3. Extend the cultivation of pulses.
4. Extend existing plantations.
5. Extend the cultivation of grain for food and fodder.
6. Secure the cultivation of sugar beets.

Ya'acov Shapiro, 44

The death occurred suddenly in Tel Aviv on Saturday, of Ya'acov Shapiro at the age of 44, following a heart seizure. He is survived by his wife and two daughters; as well as a sister and two brothers (Miss Elga Shapiro, a member of the President's Secretariat, Mr. Yosef Shapiro, head of the Palestine Electric Corporation, Southern District, and Mr. Shmuel Shapiro, on the staff of the Bank Leumi). The funeral took place on Sunday.

U.N. and 60 Firms to Exhibit At Conquest of Desert Show

JERUSALEM POST REPORTER The contribution of 60 foreign firms to man's war against the wasteland will be displayed at the Conquest of the Desert Exhibition opening in Jerusalem on September 22, while reclamation problems and triumphs are to star in documentary films from 42 countries to be shown continuously during the three weeks' international display.

The United Nations' agencies have jointly reserved a central stand in the great exhibition hall at Binyanei Ha'Oma, which awaits decorators and carpenters to transform its naked concrete skeleton into a multi-coloured attraction.

Finland and Luxembourg alone have accepted invitations to exhibit in Jerusalem. It is understood that pressure from bodies concerned with the internationalization question has prevailed upon many other states whose patronage would not otherwise have been withheld. However, trade exhibits from those countries promise well, and the Government has allocated \$500,000 and \$30,000 for Israeli buyers of goods on display. The exchange rate for such sales will be determined when import licences are granted.

A sample flock of sheep for display in the agricultural section will be flown from Italy by the Honorary Israel Consul in Milan, Mr. A. Mayer, who has a ranch there. Many firms among them Shell Company and Isasbest, preferred to erect their own stands in the extensive open-air section now being prepared alongside the main hall. The Manufacturers' Association will hold an Industries Fair simultaneously with the Conquest of the Desert Exhibition, housed in a pavilion west of the main building. The most comprehensive collection of Israel products ever assembled, the Industries Fair should attract investors as well as general interest.

Wooden frames now being hoisted into position near the

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Volunteers Knock on New York Doors to Sell Israel Bonds

NEW YORK, Monday (INA). — More than 10,000 volunteers in New York and other parts of the country made house-to-house visits yesterday to enrol 100,000 additional subscribers to Israel Bonds "to help the new-democracy achieve economic independence."

Eshkol Reports To Jewish Agency

The Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol, yesterday gave the Executive of the Jewish Agency an account of his recent visit to the United States. Dealing with the prospects of the Israel Bond Drive and plans for the co-ordination of activities between the Drive and the United Jewish Appeal, he stressed the need to increase the income of the two organizations to at least \$150m annually. Mr. Eshkol discussed the difficulties involved in the implementation of such an objective and indicated that responsible American Jewish leaders had been impressed with the need for a greater inter-relationship between the two organizations. He thought that the present trend was towards the establishment of a higher command to direct and link the work of the two bodies.

Mr. Z. Shazar, who presided, reported on the meeting of the Agency-Government Co-ordinating Committee held on Sunday and proposed July 1 for the plenary session of the Jewish Agency.

The conclusions of the committee concerned with economic corporations were submitted by Mr. M. Kol who proposed that the Jewish Agency establish a "Corporations Bureau." The proposal was approved and will be submitted to the plenary session for drafting and confirmation.

The legal adviser of the Jewish Agency, Mr. M. Boukstein of New York, who is at present collaborating with the Attorney General in drafting the law on the status of the Zionist Organization, reported to the meeting.

Mr. G. Josephthal, head of the Absorption Department outlined the condition of the Binyanei Ha'Oma and brought forward proposals for expediting its construction.

Mr. J. Raphael, director of the Immigration Department, discussed the problem of security in the frontier settlements to the extent that it concerned the colonizing organizations. Mr. Kol dealt with the question of planning and guarding in settlements and gave an account of a visit to the frontier.

GOITEIN FOR DROPSIE PHILADELPHIA, Monday (INA). — Professor S.D. Goitein, Director of the Hebrew University School of Oriental Studies, has been appointed Visiting Professor at Dropsie College here for the 1953/4 academic year.

He said that the U.S. Department of Commerce and the Israel Government had promised full support to the Chamber. Israel members of the Board have returned home to set up an office of the Chamber in Tel Aviv.

U.S.-Israel Chamber Of Commerce Set Up

NEW YORK, Monday (INA). — The establishment of an American-Israel Chamber of Commerce was announced here today. Mr. Nathan Straus is President of the organization, and its Vice-President is Mr. Sidney Sparks, vice-Chairman of the Sparks Corporation of America. The new Chamber is sponsored by the Manufacturers' Association, Chambers of Commerce and Farmers Federation of Israel.

Mr. Straus told the press that the Chamber had been established to meet the need for a responsible non-governmental body to bring businessmen of both countries into direct contact so as to promote trade, pointing out that American-Israel trade exceeds \$100m a year and that over 1,000 American firms were doing "good business" with Israel.

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Hillary 1st on Everest, Tensing 'Held the Rope'

KATHMANDU, Monday (UP). — New Zealander Sir Edmund Hillary was the first man to reach the summit of Mount Everest, British Expedition leader Colonel Sir John Hunt disclosed following his arrival here yesterday.

Sir John Hunt said that Sir Edmund led the assault group from the south summit to the peak and cut footholds in the icy slopes for Sherpa guide Tensing Norgay, who followed him to the top.

Sir John, who arrived with rocket scientist Tom Bourdillon and travel agency executive Alfred Gregory, both members of the expedition, said that Tensing had the more responsible job of holding the rope which prevented Hillary from slipping while testing the treacherous last half-mile.

"Tensing is a good climber," the leader said, "but Indian press reports have been harmful to him." He was referring to reports that the Indian press has been overplaying Tensing's part. One report said that the Sherpa was actually the first on the peak and had to pull Hillary to the top.

U.S. Supreme Court Acquits Bridges

WASHINGTON, Monday (AP). — The Supreme Court today reversed the conviction of Australian-born labour leader Harry Bridges on charges of conspiracy and perjury, and directed that the indictment against him be dismissed.

Bridges was convicted of lying when he told a 1949 naturalization hearing that he was not a Communist. He was sentenced to five years imprisonment and his American citizenship was revoked.

Justice Burton said that the 1949 indictment "came too late to be effective" under the Statute of Limitations.

Chief Justice Vinson and Justices Reed and Minton dissented from the majority ruling.

Bridges, leader of the West Coast Longshoremen's Union, has long been a stormy petrel on the American scene. Since 1934 he has been the target of proceedings intended to deport him on the grounds that he was or had been a member of the Communist Party.

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